

<b>BE</b>	<b>BEING</b>	<b>BEEN</b>	<b>AM</b>	<b>IS</b>	<b>ARE</b>	<b>WAS</b>	<b>WERE</b>
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As in many other languages, the verb 'be' is the most irregular of all English verbs. There are as many as **eight** different forms (the average for an English verb is only four).

The good thing about this verb is that we can use it in a large range of expressions. In English there is no difference between 'ser' and 'estar': it's one and the same thing:

# Is he dead? / She's tired ...  
 # Is it late? / They're Scottish ...

- You can greet people and reply to greetings.

A: *Good morning. How are you today?*  
 B: *I'm fine thanks.*

- You can say who you are and where you come from.

A: *What's your name?*  
 B: *My name is -X-. I am from Spain.*  
 A: *Oh, so you're Spanish...*

- You can say how old you are.

A: *How old are you children?*  
 B: *They are seven and nine.*

- You can apologise.

A: *I am (very) sorry.*  
 B: *It's all right.*

- You can use 'be' to ask and answer about prices.

A: *How much is a single room for two nights?*  
 B: *It's \$-X-.*

- You can use it in your exchanges with other people.

A: *Can I have a Coke please?*  
 B: *There/Here you are.*

- You can use the formulas 'THERE IS/ARE...' to indicate existence.

- *Is there a shower/telephone in the room?*  
 - *There are many interesting places to visit.*

- You can use 'be' with all adjectives.

IT'S ... easy / hard / relaxing / exciting / comfortable  
 THEY'RE kind / nice / expensive / cheap / new / old ...

- You can use it to know about people's interests / hobbies ...

Are you...	<i>interested in keen on fond of into</i>	<i>...trekking?</i>
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- You can use 'am' / 'is' / 'are' followed by -ing to describe:

# what someone is doing at the moment:

*They are having a party.*

# what someone is doing in the near future:

*She's arriving tonight/tomorrow...*

- You can use 'be' to talk about the weather.

*It's sunny / hot / windy / cold / chilly...*

*Is it raining/snowing?*

- Notice that for many expressions where we use 'tener', the English prefer '**be**':

<i>to be...</i>	<i>30 / 40 / 50 ... years old; cold / hot hungry / thirsty sleepy right / wrong in a hurry (un)lucky careful afraid / frightened patient bad-tempered jealous / envious successful tricky funny</i>
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